

Medicine through time, 1250-present.



BBC Teach – there are a range of videos covering Medicine 1250-present.



Mr Cloke History covers our spec for Medicine through time, and has useful videos including the British Western Front.

Early Elizabethan England, 1558-1588.



Exam walkthrough



The History Teacher - playlist



GCSE History Online

Weimar and Nazi Germany, 1918-1939.



Worcesterjonny covers a range of Germany videos also has medicine and Elizabeth playlists.

Superpower relations and the Cold War, 1941-91.

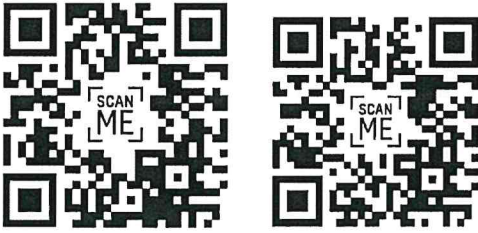


The History Teacher on YouTube covers a range of Superpower relations and Cold War videos – follow the playlists.

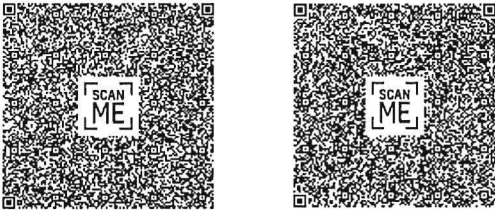


Pete Jackson on YouTube covers a range of Superpower relations and Cold War videos – follow the playlists for Medicine through time and Weimar and Nazi Germany videos too.

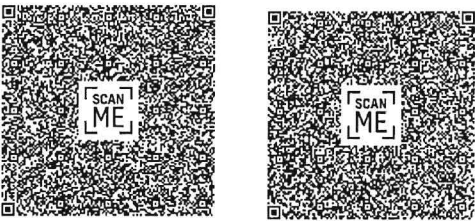
Medicine revision guides:



Elizabeth revision guides:



Germany revision guides:



Superpower relations and the Cold War guides:



Y11 GCSE Check List - Medicine in Britain, 1250-present

Key Topic Area 1: 1250-1500 Medicine in Medieval England						
Key Event	Red	Amber	Green	Revision Materials made	Exam Question planned or answered	Checked
Supernatural and religious causes of disease						
The Theory of the Four Humours						
The Miasma Theory						
Hippocrates and Galen						
Prevention and treatment: Religious methods Bloodletting and purging Purifying air Remedies						
Hospital care						
Role of the Church						
Physicians role						
Apothecaries role						
Barber surgeons						
The Black Death: Treatment Preventions						
Key Topic Area 2: 1500-1700 The Medical Renaissance in England						
Continuation of Hippocrates and Galen – Charles II						
The Printing Press						
Thomas Sydenham						
Royal Society spreading ideas						
Hospitals						
Vesalius						
William Harvey						
Great Plague						
Key Topic Area 3: Medicine in Eighteenth and Nineteenth century Britain						

Pasteur's Germ Theory						
Robert Koch: microbes						
Florence Nightingale						
James Simpson: chloroform						
Joseph Lister: carbolic spray						
Public Health Act 1875						
Edward Jenner: vaccinations						
John Snow: cholera						

Key Topic Area 4: 1900- present Medicine in modern Britain

Genetic & lifestyle factors						
Improvements to diagnosis e.g. scans, blood tests						
Fleming, Florey & Chain: penicillin						
NHS						
Magic bullets & antibiotics						
Mass vaccination						
Government campaigns: lung cancer						
Crick & Watson: DNA						
Improving access to healthcare						

Key Topic Area 4: 1914-1918, British Sector of the Western Front

Medical context of World War One						
Terrain of the Western Front						
Trenches						
Illness in the trenches						
Weapons and injuries on the Western Front						
Gas attacks						
Chain of evacuation						
Underground hospital at Arras						

Experiments and new medical techniques on the Western Front						
Impact of the Western Front on medicine and surgery						

Y11 GCSE Check List – Early Elizabethan England 1558-88

Key Topic Area 1: Queen, government and religion 1558-69						
Key Event	Red	Amber	Green	Revision Materials made	Exam Question planned or answered	Checked
Society and government 1558						
Problems with legitimacy						
Problems with her gender						
Problems with marriage						
Her character and strengths						
Religious divisions						
The features of the Elizabethan Religious Settlement 1559						
The impact of the Religious Settlement						
The role of the Church of England						
The Puritan challenge to the Religious Settlement						
The Catholic challenge to the Religious Settlement						
Foreign opposition to the Religious Settlement						
Mary, Queen of Scots arrival						
Relations between Elizabeth and Mary 1568-69						
Key Topic Area 2: Challenges to Elizabeth at home and abroad 1569-88						
The Revolt of the Northern Earls						
The Ridolfi Plot						
The Throckmorton Plot						
The Babington Plot						

Walsingham's use of spies						
Political and religious rivalry with Spain						
Commercial rivalry with Spain						
The Netherlands: English and Spanish involvement						
The Spanish Armada – causes, events and consequences						
The Spanish Armada – why did England win/Spain lose?						

Key Topic Area 3: Elizabethan society and the age of exploration 1558-88

Education						
Leisure time						
Why did poverty increase						
Policies towards the poor						
Vagabonds						
Reasons why exploration increased						
Drakes circumnavigation of the globe						
Raleigh and Virginia						
Why did colonisation in Virginia fail?						

Y11 GCSE Check List- Weimar and Nazi Germany

Key Topic Area 1: The Weimar Republic 1918-1929						
Key Event	Red	Amber	Green	Revision Materials made	Exam Question planned or answered	Checked
The legacy of the First World War.						
The Abdication of the Kaiser and revolution 1918-1919						
Setting up the Weimar republic						
Strengths and weaknesses of the new constitution						
Stab in the back theory						
Key terms of the Treaty of Versailles						
Kapp Putsch						
Spartacists						
Invasion of the Ruhr						
Hyperinflation						
Economic policies of Stresemann						
Foreign policies of Stresemann						
Changes in living conditions						
Changes for women						
Changes in culture						
Key Topic Area 2: Hitler's Rise to Power						
Hitler's early career 1919-1920						
Early growth of the party						
The Twenty Five Point Plan						
The early role of the SA						
The Munich Putsch						
Limited support 1924-28						
The Bamberg Conference 1926						
Party re-organisation						
Wall Street Crash- growth of unemployment						
Appeal of the Nazis including propaganda, Hitler						

Later work /role of the SA						
Political deals of 1932-1933						
Hitler becomes Chancellor						
Key Topic Area 3: Nazi Control and Dictatorship 1933-39						
The Reichstag Fire						
The Enabling Act						
Night of the Long Knives						
Death of Hindenburg and Army oath						
Police state- role of the Gestapo, SS etc						
Nazi control of the legal system						
Nazi policies towards the churches						
Goebbels and propaganda including Berlin 1936						
Nazi control of culture and the arts						
Opposition from the churches-Niemoller						
Opposition from the young- Swing Kids, Edelweiss Pirates						
Key Topic Area 4: Life in Nazi Germany 1933-39						
Nazi control of women						
Hitler Youth						
Education under the Nazis						
Nazi policies to reduce unemployment						
Changes in the standard of living						
Strength through joy						
Nazi racial beliefs						
Persecution of minorities Slavs, homosexuals, disabled and gypsies						
Persecution of the Jews						
Nuremberg Laws						
Kristallnacht						

Y11 GCSE Check List – Superpower relations and the Cold War, 1941-91

Key Topic Area 1: The origins of the Cold War, 1941–58						
Key Event	Red	Amber	Green	Revision Materials made	Exam Question planned or answered	Checked
The Grand Alliance. The outcomes of the Tehran, Yalta and Potsdam conferences.						
The ideological differences between the superpowers and the attitudes of Stalin, Truman and Churchill.						
The impact on US-Soviet relations of the development of the atomic bomb, the Long and Novikov telegrams and the creation of Soviet satellite states in Eastern Europe.						
The impact on US-Soviet relations of the Truman Doctrine and the Marshall Plan, 1947.						
The significance of Cominform (1947), Comecon (1949) and the formation of NATO (1949).						
Berlin: its division into zones. The Berlin Crisis (blockade and airlift) and its impact. The formation of the Federal Republic of Germany and German Democratic Republic.						
The significance of the arms race and the formation of the Warsaw Pact.						
Events in 1956 leading to the Hungarian Uprising, and Khrushchev's response.						
The international reaction to the Soviet invasion of Hungary.						
Key Topic Area 2: Cold War crises, 1958–70						
The refugee problem in Berlin, Khrushchev's Berlin ultimatum (1958), and the summit meetings of 1959–61.						
The construction of the Berlin Wall, 1961.						
Impact of the construction of the Berlin Wall on US-						

Soviet relations. Kennedy's visit to Berlin in 1963.						
Soviet relations with Cuba, the Cuban Revolution and the refusal of the USA to recognise Castro's government. The significance of the Bay of Pigs incident.						
The events of the Cuban Missile Crisis.						
The consequences of the Cuban Missile Crisis: the 'hotline', the Limited Test Ban Treaty 1963; the Outer Space Treaty 1967; and the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty 1968.						
Opposition in Czechoslovakia to Soviet control: the Prague Spring.						
The Brezhnev Doctrine and the re-establishment of Soviet control in Czechoslovakia.						
International reaction to Soviet measures in Czechoslovakia						
Key Topic Area 3: The end of the Cold War, 1970–91						
Détente in the 1970s, SALT 1, Helsinki, and SALT 2.						
The significance of the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, the Carter Doctrine and the Olympic boycotts.						
Reagan and the 'Second Cold War', the Strategic Defence Initiative.						
The significance of Reagan and Gorbachev's changing attitudes.						
Gorbachev's 'new thinking' and the Intermediate-Range Nuclear Force (INF) Treaty 1987.						
The impact of Gorbachev's 'new thinking' on Eastern Europe: the loosening Soviet grip on Eastern Europe.						
The significance of the fall of the Berlin Wall.						
The collapse of the Soviet Union and its significance in bringing about the end of the Warsaw Pact.						